Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended). A reactive dye of formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
OH \\
D_1 - N = N \\
HO_3S & NQ_1Q_2 \\
N = N - D_2
\end{array}$$
(1)

wherein

 Q_1 and Q_2 are each independently of the other hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl,

D₁ corresponds to a radical of formula (5) or (11)

$$\begin{array}{c} (SO_3H)_{t-2} \\ \longrightarrow NR_5 \\ \longrightarrow N \\ \longrightarrow N \\ X_4 \end{array}$$

$$(Z_2)_{0-1}$$
 $N = N - K_3$
(11),

R₅ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl,

 $(R_7)_{0-3}$ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from the group halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_2 - C_4 alkanoylamino, carboxy and sulfo,

X₄ is fluorine or chlorine,

Z₂ is a fibre-reactive radical of formula

 $-SO_2-Y$ (3a),

wherein

Y is vinyl or β-sulfatoethyl,

T₃ is a radical of formula

$$(R_7)_{0.3}$$
 HO $(8a)$, $(Z_2)_{0.1}$ HO₃S

$$(Z_2)_{0.1}$$
 HO HN $(8b)$, (Bb)

$$(HO_3S)_{0.3} \xrightarrow{HO} \\ HO_3S \xrightarrow{2} NH \xrightarrow{2} NH \xrightarrow{(8d)},$$

$$(Z_2)_{0-1}$$
 $(R_8)_{0-3}$ (Bf) .

$$-HN \xrightarrow{(SO_3H)_{0-2}} N=N \xrightarrow{R_{11}} R_{12}$$

$$O \xrightarrow{R_{13}} OH$$

$$R_{13}$$

$$(8k) \text{ or }$$

$$(Z_2)_{0.1}$$
 $N=N$ $N=$

$(R_7)_{0-3}$ is as defined hereinabove,

(R₈)₀₋₃ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents from the group halogen, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, sulfato or by C₁-C₄ alkoxy, amino, C₂-C₄ alkanoylamino, ureido, hydroxy, carboxy, sulfomethyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonylamino and sulfo,

R₁₁ and R₁₃ are each independently of the other hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl or phenyl,

R₁₂ is hydrogen, cyano, carbamoyl or sulfomethyl,

 $(R_{14})_{0-3}$ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents from the group C_1 - C_4 alkyl,

C1-C4 alkoxy, halogen, carboxy and sulfo, and

Z₂ is as defined hereinabove,

K₃ is the radical of a coupling component of formula

wherein

R's is hydrogen, sulfo, or C₁-C₄ alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted in the alkyl moiety by hydroxy or by sulfato, and

R'_{8a} is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₂-C₄ alkanoylamino, ureido or a radical of formula

$$\begin{array}{c}
-NR_{1a} \\
N \\
N \\
-N
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
X_1
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
(3f),\\
X_1
\end{array}$$

R_{1a} is hydrogen,

T₁ is amino; N-mono- or N,N-di-C₁-C₄ alkylamino unsubstituted or substituted in the alkyl moiety/moieties by hydroxy, sulfato or by sulfo; morpholino; phenylamino unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring by sulfo, carboxy, acetylamino, chlorine, methyl or by methoxy; or N-C₁-C₄ alkyl-N-phenylamino unsubstituted or substituted in the same way on the phenyl ring and in which the alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, sulfo or by sulfato; or naphthylamino unsubstituted or substituted by from 1 to 3 sulfo groups, and

X₁ is chlorine

is the radical of a diazo component, which is itself a mono- or dis-azo dye or contains such a dye,

 D_2 has the same definition as D_1 or is a radical of formula

$$\begin{array}{c}
(Q_3)_{0-3} \\
\downarrow \\
Z_1
\end{array}$$
(2)

wherein

(Q₃)₀₋₃ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from the group halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, carboxy and sulfo and

Z₁ is a radical of formula

$$-SO_2-Y$$
 (3a),

$$-NH-CO-(CH2)m-SO2-Y (3b),$$

$$-CONH-(CH2)n-SO2-Y (3c),$$

-NH-CO-CH(Hal)-CH₂-Hal
$$(3d)$$
 or

$$-NH-CO-C(Hal)=CH2$$
 (3e),

Y is vinyl or a -CH₂-CH₂-U radical and U is a group that is removable under alkaline conditions,

m and n are each independently of the other the number 2, 3 or 4, and Hal is halogen, with the proviso that the dye of formula (1) does not contain a hydroxysulfonylmethyl group.

Claim 2 (original). A reactive dye according to claim 1, wherein Q_1 and Q_2 are hydrogen.

Claim 3 and 4 (cancelled). A reactive dye according to claim 1 wherein

 $\Psi \underline{U}$ is -Cl, -Br, -F, -OSO₃H, -SSO₃H, -OCO-CH₃, -OPO₃H₂, -OCO-C₆H₅, -OSO₂-C₁-C₄ alkyl or -OSO₂-N(C₁-C₄ alkyl)₂.

Claim 4 (cancelled).

Claim 5 (previously presented). A reactive dye according to claim 1wherein D₂ is a radical of formula

$$+O_2S$$
 $+SO_2-Y$ (2aa),

Y is vinyl or β -sulfatoethyl.

Claim 6 (previously presented). A process for the preparation of a dye of formula (1) according to claim 1, which comprises

(i) diazotisation of approximately one molar equivalent of an amine of formula

$$D_2-NH_2 \tag{13}$$

and reaction with approximately one molar equivalent of a compound of formula

to form a compound of formula

HO₃S
$$NQ_1Q_2$$
 $N=N-D_2$ (15a);

and

(ii) diazotisation of approximately one molar equivalent of an amine of formula

$$D_1-NH_2 \tag{16}$$

and reaction with approximately one molar equivalent of the compound of formula (15a) obtained according to (i) to form a compound of formula (1) according to claim 1 wherein D_1 , D_2 , Q_1 and Q_2 each have the definitions given in claim 1.

Claims 7-8 (canceled).

Claim 9 (original). An aqueous ink that comprises a reactive dye of formula (1) according to claim 1.

Claim 10 (currently amended). A process for printing a substrate comprising spraying individual droplets of an aqueous ink onto the substrate from a nozzle in a controlled manner wherein the aqueous ink comprises a reactive dye of formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c} OH \\ D_1 - N = N \\ \hline \\ HO_3 S \\ \hline \\ N = N - D_2 \end{array} \tag{1}$$

wherein

 Q_1 and Q_2 are each independently of the other hydrogen or unsubstituted or substituted $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl,

D₁ corresponds to a radical of formula (5) or (11)

$$(SO_3H)_{1-2}$$

$$NR_5$$

$$N$$

$$X_4$$

$$(S) \text{ or}$$

$$(R_7)_{0.3}$$
 $N = N - K_3$
(11),

R₅ is hydrogen or C₁-C₄ alkyl,

(R₇)₀₋₃ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from the group halogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₂-C₄ alkanoylamino, carboxy and sulfo,

X₄ is fluorine or chlorine,

Z₂ is a fibre-reactive radical of formula

$$-SO_2-Y \tag{3a},$$

wherein

Y is vinyl or β -sulfatoethyl,

T₃ is a radical of formula

$$(R_7)_{0-3}$$
 HO $(R_7)_{0-3}$ N=N $(8a)$, $(Z_2)_{0-1}$ HO₃S

$$(R_7)_{0.3}$$
 HO HN $(8b)$.

$$(Z_2)_{0.1}$$
 HO (Bd) .

$$(HO_3S)_{0.3} \xrightarrow{HO} HO HN \xrightarrow{HO_3S} (8e).$$

$$(R_8)_{0.3}$$
 $(HO_3S)_{0.3}$
 $N=N$
 $N=N$
 $(R_8)_{0.3}$
 $(R_8)_{0.3}$

$$-HN \xrightarrow{(SO_3H)_{0\cdot 2}} N=N \xrightarrow{R_{11}} R_{12}$$

$$OH$$

$$R_{13}$$

$$OH$$

$$R_{13}$$

$$OH$$

$$(Z_2)_{0-1}$$
 $N = N$ $N = N$ $(R_8)_{0-3}$ $(R_8)_{0-3}$

 $(R_7)_{0-3}$ is as defined hereinabove,

(R₈)₀₋₃ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents from the group halogen, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, sulfato or by C₁-C₄ alkoxy, amino, C₂-C₄ alkanoylamino, ureido, hydroxy, carboxy, sulfomethyl, C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonylamino and sulfo,

 $\underline{R_{11}}$ and $\underline{R_{13}}$ are each independently of the other hydrogen, $\underline{C_1}$ - $\underline{C_4}$ alkyl or phenyl,

R₁₂ is hydrogen, cyano, carbamoyl or sulfomethyl,

 $(R_{14})_{0-3}$ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents from the group C_I - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, halogen, carboxy and sulfo, and

Z₂ is as defined hereinabove,

K₃ is the radical of a coupling component of formula

$$R'_{8a}$$

$$(12a) \text{ or}$$

$$R'_{8a}$$

$$(12b).$$

R'₈ is hydrogen, sulfo, or C₁-C₄ alkoxy unsubstituted or substituted in the alkyl moiety by hydroxy or by sulfato, and

R'_{8a} is hydrogen, C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, C₂-C₄ alkanoylamino, ureido or a radical of formula

$$\begin{array}{c}
-NR_{1a} \\
N \\
N \\
X_{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
(3f), \\
(3$$

wherein

R_{la} is hydrogen,

T₁ is amino; N-mono- or N,N-di-C₁-C₄ alkylamino unsubstituted or substituted in the alkyl moiety/moieties by hydroxy, sulfato or by sulfo; morpholino; phenylamino unsubstituted or substituted on the phenyl ring by sulfo, carboxy, acetylamino, chlorine, methyl or by methoxy; or N-C₁-C₄ alkyl-N-phenylamino unsubstituted or substituted in

the same way on the phenyl ring and in which the alkyl is unsubstituted or substituted by hydroxy, sulfo or by sulfato; or naphthylamino unsubstituted or substituted by from 1 to 3 sulfo groups, and

X₁ is chlorine

is the radical of a diazo component, which is itself a mono- or dis-azo dye or contains such a dye,

 D_2 has the same definition as D_1 or is a radical of formula

$$\begin{array}{c}
(Q_3)_{0\cdot3} \\
\\
Z_4
\end{array}$$
(2)

wherein

 $(Q_3)_{0-3}$ denotes from 0 to 3 identical or different substituents selected from the group halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, carboxy and sulfo and

Z₁ is a radical of formula

$$-SO_2-Y (3a), \\ -NH-CO-(CH_2)_m-SO_2-Y (3b), \\ -CONH-(CH_2)_n-SO_2-Y (3c), \\ -NH-CO-CH(Hal)-CH_2-Hal (3d) or \\ -NH-CO-C(Hal)=CH_2 (3e), \\ \end{array}$$

Y is vinyl or a -CH₂-CH₂-U radical and U is a group that is removable under alkaline conditions,

m and n are each independently of the other the number 2, 3 or 4, and

Hal is halogen,

with the proviso that the dye of formula (1) does not contain a hydroxysulfonylmethyl group.

Claim 11 (previously presented). The process of claim 10 wherein the substrate is selected from textile fibre material, paper and plastic film.

Claim 12 (previously presented). A method for dyeing fibre material which comprises applying a reactive dye of forumula (1) according to claim 1 to the fibre material and fixing the reactive dye to the fibre material.

Claim 13 (previously presented). The method according to claim 12 wherein the fibre material is a hydroxyl-group-containing fibre material or a nitrogen-group-containing fibre material.

Claim 14 (previously presented). The method of claim 12 wherein the fibre material is a cellulosic fibre material.

Claim 15 (previously presented). The method of claim 14 wherein the cellulosic fibre material is a cotton-containing fibre material.